

CSM – 62/17
Public Administration
Paper – I

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 300

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

*Candidates should attempt Q. No. 1 from Section – A and Q. No. 5 from Section – B which are compulsory and any **three** of the remaining questions selecting at least **one** from each Section.*

SECTION – A

1. Comment on any **three** of the following in not more than **200** words each : 20×3 = 60
 - (a) 'In an organizational hierarchy every employee will rise or get promoted to his or her level of incompetence.'
 - (b) 'Civil society is the aggregate of non-governmental organizations and institutions that manifest interests and will of citizens.'

- (c) 'Public Administration is the management of public programmes and it is the translation of politics into reality that citizens see everyday.'
- (d) 'It is very common for line and staff workers to come into conflict.'
2. 'The central theories of New Public Administration and New Public Management are different' — examine. 60
3. Critically examine the features of Bureaucratic Theory of Max Weber. Do you agree to the view that certain aspects of bureaucracy work against the efficiency of the organization though they are supposed to contribute efficiency? 60
4. Discuss Herbert Simon's model of Decision Making. Comment on the extension to Simon's model. 60

SECTION -- B

5. Comment on any three of the following questions in not more than 200 words each :
20×3 = 60
- (a) 'The advantages of Administrative Tribunals are numerous though they have come under considerable criticisms.'

- (b) 'Performance Budgets use the statements of mission, goals and objectives to explain why the money is being spent.'
- (c) 'The Government of India recently issued the All India Services (Conduct) Amendment Rules, 2014 to make bureaucrats to be politically neutral, honest, impartial and maintain high ethical standards.'
- (d) 'Training is generally considered as paid holidays.'
6. 'Delegated Legislation is a necessary evil' —
Comment. 60
7. 'Development Administration refers to the administration of policies, programmes and projects that contribute to the development of a nation and have significant socio-political and socio-economic impact on the countries involved.' In the light of the statement, discuss the features of Development Administration. How Development Administration is different from Administrative Development ? 60

8. 'Public Policy making can be characterized as a dynamic, complex and interactive system through which problems are identified and countered by creating new public policy or by reforming existing public policy.' In the light of the statement, discuss the process of public policy formulation. 60

